

## COMMODITY FUTURES TRADING COMMISSION

140 Broadway, 19th Floor New York, New York 10005 Telephone: (646) 746-9700 Facsimile: (646) 746-9940

Division of Enforcement

July 17, 2018

Alejandra de Urioste 646-746-9881 adeurioste@cftc.gov

## **By ECF**

The Honorable Jack B. Weinstein United States District Court Eastern District of New York 225 Cadman Plaza East New York, New York 11201

Re: Commodity Futures Trading Commission v. Patrick K. McDonnell and CabbageTech, Corp. d/b/a Coin Drop Markets, No. 18-CV-00361 (JBW)(RLM)

Dear Judge Weinstein:

I represent the Commission in the above-referenced action. I write with respect to Defendant Patrick K. McDonnell's "Motion to Dismiss for Insufficient Evidence" and supporting papers (ECF 139, 139-1, 140, 141, 142, 143, 143-1, 143-2, 143-3, 144, 145) ("Motion").

McDonnell's Motion should be denied. As an initial matter, the Motion is untimely. The Court already afforded McDonnell the opportunity to make a motion to dismiss prior to the Commission's summation, which McDonnell chose not to do. (*See* Trial Tr. 412:10-16 (July 11, 2018).)

Further, McDonnell's motion is without merit. McDonnell argues that the burden of proof in this action should be beyond a reasonable doubt, which is a motion that he has already made and this Court has already rejected. (*See* Trial Tr. 5:18-6:2 (July 9, 2018).) Moreover, the Court's denial of McDonnell's motion was for good reason. In a civil enforcement action, such as this one, in which the Commission brings a civil claim for violations of Section 6(c)(1) of the Commodity Exchange Act, 7 U.S.C. § 9(1) (2012) and Commission Regulation 180.1, 17 C.F.R. § 180.1 (2017), the Commission bears the burden of proving the violations by a preponderance of the evidence. <sup>1</sup> *See CFTC v. Hunter Wise Commodities, LLC*, 21 F. Supp. 3d 1317, 1353 (S.D.

-

In a later-filed supplement to McDonnell's Motion (see ECF 145), McDonnell states that his Motion relies on Rule 41 and/or 52(c) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. With respect to Rule 41, Defendant's motion is baseless because Defendant does not identify any failure by Plaintiff to prosecute this action or comply with the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure or Court order, nor could he. See Fed. R. Civ. P. 41(b). With respect to Rule 52(c), the Defendant's Motion is meritless because the burden of proof is a preponderance of the evidence and Plaintiff presented unrebutted evidence which meets and

## Case 1:18-cv-00361-JBW-RLM Document 146 Filed 07/17/18 Page 2 of 2 PageID #: 1928 Hon. Jack B. Weinstein

July 17, 2018

Page 2

Fla. 2014) (applying preponderance of the evidence standard); see also See Prohibition on the Employment, or Attempted Employment, of Manipulative and Deceptive Devices and Prohibition on Price Manipulation, 76 Fed. Reg. 41398, 41405 (July 14, 2011); cf. Herman & Maclean v. Huddleston, 459 U.S. 375, 387–90 (1983); S.E.C. v. Moran, 922 F. Supp. 867, 888 (S.D.N.Y. 1996) (holding that the standard of proof in a SEC Rule 10b-5 enforcement action is a preponderance of the evidence).

Additionally, this Court has already indicated that the parties may brief the issue of the burden of proof in their respective post-trial submissions, to be filed in accordance with the Scheduling Order entered July 12, 2018. (ECF 127.) The Commission therefore respectfully requests that the Court deny McDonnell's Motion and direct McDonnell to make his arguments in his opposition brief due August 9.

Finally, McDonnell purports (again) to move to dismiss based on a lack of subject-matter jurisdiction, personal jurisdiction, and failure to state a claim. (See, e.g., ECF 139 at 2.) The Court has already rejected these arguments more than once (see July 16, 2018 Order (ECF 136)) and any conceivable failure to state a claim argument is untimely. See Fed. R. Civ. P. 12(h)(2). Given the time and effort the Commission has already spent responding to McDonnell's Rule 12 arguments, the Commission respectfully requests that the Court issue an order stating that the Commission need not brief these issues for a third time.

Respectfully submitted,

/s/ Alejandra de Urioste

Alejandra de Urioste

cc: Patrick K. McDonnell (via email)